

Scrap and rework disposition

Manual

10 steps

4 roles

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v1

How a nonconforming item is reviewed and sent to rework, scrap, or use-as-is, with named sign-off on the decision.

TRIGGER

A quality inspector, operator, or customer identifies material that does not conform to specification.

10 STEPS

1

Quality Inspector identifies the nonconforming material, stops its use, and applies a nonconformance tag stating the item, quantity, and defect found.

Tagging at the point of discovery is what stops a bad part re-entering the flow through a second, untagged handler.

2

Materials Handler moves the tagged material to a physically separate quarantine area or bin.

Quarantine has to be physical, not just a note in a system, because whoever handles the material next often hasn't seen the system.

3

Quality Inspector checks whether the item can be traced to a specific lot, batch, work order, or supplier shipment.

Traceable: Go to step 4: Quality Inspector records the nonconformance against the traceable lot or work order and identifies what else from that same lot is in stock or already shipped.

Not traceable: Go to step 9: Quality Manager investigates further to establish the item's origin using production or receiving records, and records why traceability failed.

4

Quality Inspector records the nonconformance against the traceable lot or work order and identifies what else from that same lot is in stock or already shipped.

This is the step that determines whether the problem is one part or an entire batch already in a customer's hands.

5

Quality Manager reviews the nonconformance and decides disposition: rework to specification, use-as-is under a documented concession, or scrap.

Rework: Go to step 6: Line Supervisor arranges the rework to specification and submits the reworked item back to Quality Inspector for verification.

Use-as-is concession: Go to step 7: Quality Manager records the use-as-is concession with named sign-off and the specific reason it's acceptable, and notifies the customer if the concession affects a shipped requirement.

Scrap: Go to step 8: Materials Handler scraps the item following the scrap process, marking or destroying it to prevent reuse, and Quality Manager records the disposition and quantity.

6

Line Supervisor arranges the rework to specification and submits the reworked item back to Quality Inspector for verification.

Submitted for verification: Go to step 10: Quality Inspector re-inspects the reworked item against specification and confirms it now conforms.

7

Quality Manager records the use-as-is concession with named sign-off and the specific reason it's acceptable, and notifies the customer if the concession affects a shipped requirement.

A recorded sign-off is what separates a concession from someone deciding not to worry about it. That record is what an auditor asks for.

8

Materials Handler scraps the item following the scrap process, marking or destroying it to prevent reuse, and Quality Manager records the disposition and quantity.

Physical destruction or marking matters because a scrapped part left in a general waste bin can be pulled back out and used.

9

Quality Manager investigates further to establish the item's origin using production or receiving records, and records why traceability failed.

Origin established: Go to step 4: Quality Inspector records the nonconformance against the traceable lot or work order and identifies what else from that same lot is in stock or already shipped.

Origin cannot be established: Go to step 8: Materials Handler scraps the item following the scrap process, marking or destroying it to prevent reuse, and Quality Manager records the disposition and quantity.

10

Quality Inspector re-inspects the reworked item against specification and confirms it now conforms.

Conforms: Ends the procedure

Still nonconforming: Go to step 5: Quality Manager reviews the nonconformance and decides disposition: rework to specification, use-as-is under a documented concession, or scrap.

ROLES INVOLVED

Quality Inspector

Materials Handler

Quality Manager

Line Supervisor

REVIEW CADENCE

Review the disposition authority levels annually, and immediately after any concession that later results in a customer complaint or return.

Name the person accountable for this procedure before you put it into use.

CHANGE THESE BEFORE YOU USE IT

- Name your actual scrap process and destruction or marking method.
- Define your concession approval authority: who can sign off use-as-is, and above what value or risk level it needs to go higher.
- Name your traceability system (lot tracking, work order system) referenced in steps 3 and 4.
- State how far the step 4 lot investigation has to reach: same shift, same day, or the full lot regardless of when it shipped.
- Decide whether a concession should automatically trigger a corrective action review, and name that process if so.

This is a free starting point from sendabrief.com, not compliance advice. It is written to be adapted.

Source: <https://sendabrief.com/templates/scrap-and-rework-disposition>